Tekart Revision Series

English

Topical Questions



ENGLISH TOPICAL QUESTIONS FOR P.3 TERM I

Theme 1:Our sub-county

1.	What is a noun?		
2.	Write	out the nouns in the sentences below.	
	(a)	My book is very old	
	(b)	She is sitting on the chair	
	(c)	Adrian is a thin boy	
	(d)	The bottle is broken.	
	(e)	These oranges are sweet	
	_		
3.	Re-w	rite using capital letters where needed.	
	(a)	Amos is my friend.	
	(b)	I live in mukono.	
	(c)	She was born in august.	
	(d)	He is Mr. musoke.	
	(e)	today is tuesday.	
4.		olete the collective nouns.	
	(a)	A herd of	
	(b)	A of bees.	
	(c)	A of worshippers.	
	(d)	A bouquet of	

(e) A ______ of sailors.

5. <u>Circle the countable nouns only</u>.

- (a) These ladies are smart.
- (b) These desks are broken.
- (c) All birds lay eggs.
- (d) Those men are good.
- (e) Are those boys shouting?

6. <u>Underline the uncountable nouns</u>.

- (a) Sugar is sweet.
- (b) She is drinking water.
- (c) We use sand to build houses.
- (d) I take two glasses of juice every day.
- (e) We bought wheat flour.

Theme 2:Our sub-county

- 1. Give the feminine of the underlined words.
 - (a) That man is tall.
 - (b) Her <u>brother-in-law</u> is sick.
 - (c) They are waiting for the <u>waiter</u>.
 - (d) Our <u>land lord</u> is sick.
 - (e) My son is handsome.
- 2. Complete the table correctly.

Feminine	Masculine
daughter	
niece	
	prince
	Actor
Spinster	

- 3. Give one word for the underlined group of words.
 - (a) The male duck quacks loudly.
 - (b) The <u>female sheep</u> is noisy today.
 - (c) The <u>male pig</u> is in the sty.
 - (d) I saw a <u>female lion</u> in the game park.
 - (e) The <u>female dog</u> barked at night.
- 4. Complete the table correctly.

Male	female
Boa (pig)	
Drake	
Bull	
Billy goat	
Bear	

Theme 3: Our sub-county

1.	Use 'a	a' 'an' and 'the' to complete the sentences.
	(a)	That is umbrella which I bought last night
	(b)	Get me cup of tea.
	(c)	Annet eats egg every morning.
	(d)	She went to buy book and inkpot.
	(e)	We must help poor and sick.
2.	Arran	ge the words in alphabetical order.
	(a)	box, desk, cupboard, axe, egg
	(b)	woman, boy, girl, man, child
	(c)	ram, sow, doe, ewe, ape
	(d)	meat, mask, milk, moon, must
	(e)	cruel, crow, crack, cricket, create

Theme 4: Occupation

1.	<u>Use t</u>	hese words to make sentences.	
(a) fishmo		fishmonger	
	(b)	secretary	
	(c)	farmer	
	(d)	tailor	
	(e)	teacher	
2.	Give o	one word for the underlined groups of words.	
	(a)	My father is a <u>person who makes bread</u> .	
	(b)	I have seen a <u>person who teaches children at school</u> .	
	(c)	A man who keeps law and order has come to our school.	
	(d)	She got married to a man who treats sick people.	
	(e)	A <u>person who makes furniture</u> has gone.	
3. <u>Who am I</u> ?		<u>am I</u> ?	
	(a)	I am in-charge of a library. Who am I?	
	(b)	I write articles for newspapers or magazines. Who am I?	
	(c)	I catch fish from a lake or river. Who am I?	
	(d)	I look after sheep. Who am I?	
	(e)	I sell meat to people. Who am I?	

4. Make five correct sentences from the table below.

A secretary		in a school
A teacher		in a hospital
A farmer		in a garden
A lawyer	works	in a court
A doctor		in a salon
A barber		in a workshop
A carpenter		in an office
(a)		

(a)	
(b)	
(c)	
(4)	
(u)	
(0)	

Theme 5:Livelihood

1. Read the poem below and answer the questions that follow.

AIDS AIDS AIDS

AIDS the killer

Crying in the North

Crying in the South

Crying in the East

Crying in the West

Oh. AIDS the killer!

Come out all of you people!
Fight the killer AIDS
People from the North
People from the Crowd
Stand out and fight
AIDS AIDS AIDS
Together we shall kick AIDS
Out of our sub-county.

Questions

1.	How many stanzas does the poem have?
2.	What is the poem about?
3.	Which disease is talked about in the poem?
4.	What should people from the crowd do?
5.	What can all people do?
6.	What is the title of the poem?
7.	Give the opposite of these words. (a) careful (b) crying (c) sharp

2. Complete the table correctly.

	Present simple	Present continuous	Past simple
(a)	write		wrote
(b)		sitting	sat
(c)	speak	speaking	
(d)	think	thinking	
(e)		studying	studied

	3.	<u>Use</u>	<u>e the</u>	e words in the brackets to complete the sentences.	
		1.	Ann	na her uniform every day. (wash)	
		2.	We_	juice every after a meal. (drink)	
		3.	Mun	mmy food every night. (cooks)	
		4.	lt	a rat every day. (catch)	
		5.	Pete	ter and Jennifer a new car last Sunday. (drive)	
			-		
				Theme 6: Livelihood in our sub-county	
			L		
Co	niu	ncti	ions	-	
	-			sentences as instructed in the brackets.	
IXC					
	1.	пеі	re is	s the girl. She is an orphan. (Join using:who)	
		Неі	re is t	s the lady. She lost a child. (Join the sentence using:who)	
	۷.	1101	1013	the lady. The lost a crima. (John the Sentence Osingwilo)	
	3.	. Akello is writing a letter. It is very long. (Join the sentence using:which)			
	٠.			and the same and t	,
	4.	The	ey ar	re doing their homework. It is very easy. (Join the sentence using:	:
	•		-	ch)	
				·	
	5.	Ιm	et a ı	man. His son is a doctor. (Join the sentence using:whose)
_					
	6.	Thi	is is t	the boy. His father died. (Join the sentences using:whose))
_					
	7.	Thi	is is t	the village. I was born here. (Join the sentence using:where.)
_					
	8.	Thi	is is t	the village. The chief stays there. (Join the sentences using:w	here)
	۵	Нρ	wasł	shed his shirt. It was very dirty. (Join the sentences using:beca	use)

10. Joh	n is drinking some water. He is thirsty. (Re-write the sentence using:			
t	pecause)			
Read the o	conversation below and answer questions that follow.			
Naigaga:	How does your mother go to work?			
Kabbale:	She goes to work by bus, how about your mother Mayega?			
Mayega:	My mother goes to work by train because she works at the railway			
station.				
Mwajuma	: I prefer a motorcycle because it moves very fast on the road.			
Naigaga:	I like riding donkey because they are very many in our sub-county.			
Njuba:Wh	at about sailing in a ship?			
Naigaga:	We have boats and canoes mostly. People use them when they are going			
for fishing	and crossing over to another sub-county.			
Kabbale:	Have you ever heard of an airport?			
Njuba:Yes	, we have ever heard of an airport at Entebbe. Aeroplanes land and take off			
at the airp	ort.			
Questions	S:			
1. Wh	o was the first to talk?			
2. Wh	at is the conversation about?			
3. Wh	ose mother goes to work by train?			
4. Wh	y does Mwajuma prefer using a motorcycle?			
5. When do people use boats and canoes?				
6. Has	s Njuba ever heard of an airport?			
7. Wh	at do aeroplanes do at airport?			
8. Wh	ich transport has been mentioned in the conversation?			
9. Ho	9. How many people took part in the conversation?			

10.	How does Naigaga's mother go to work?
	Theme 7: Livelihood in our sub-county
Choos	se the correct word from the brackets to fill in the blanks.
3. 4. 5.	There is no soil on the (rock, stone) A stone is than a rock. (smaller, bigger) Your skirt is as black as (charcoal, grass) There is a heap of in the compound. (food, sand) Kato modelled a pot from soil. (loam, clay)
Read	the story below and answer the questions that follow in full sentences.
	The trader
	nanimi village, Mayembe sub-county, there lived a trader called Baba. He was nardworking. His wife and children were hardworking too.
go up other	had a big shop. He sold building materials like cement, nails and paint. He could to Busia to buy them for his shop. He sold them at a cheaper price compared to traders. People were very happy with him. Many of them built houses because of s good prices.
grew	did not just stop at trading in building materials, at home, he reared animals and different crops. People in that sub-county were happy with Baba because he byed many of them on his farm. He paid them very well.
starte	could share ideas with people who wanted to work and be like him. People d working hard by putting up other businesses like the carpentry shops and swent to tailoring. They lived happily together in their sub-county. Bravo Baba!
Ques	tions
1.	What was the name of the trader?
2.	In which village did Baba live?
3.	What did Baba have?
4.	Which building materials did Baba sell?

5. Where did Baba buy his	building materials for his shop?
6. Why were many people	happy with Baba?
7. What is the title of the s	tory?
8. What other businesses	did people put up in the sub-county?
9. Give another word for e	ach of the following words.
(a) Hardworking	
(b) Happy	
(c) Wife	
(d) Sold	
Read the conversation below a	and answer questions that follow in full sentences.
	Daily activities.
Samuel: Hello Daniel! Wh	at will you be doing in the evening?
Daniel: I shall go fishing.	I use hooks and once in a while I use fish nets.
What about you?	' What will you do in the evening?
Agatha: I shall help my m	other with weaving.
Deborah: What do you wea	
•	ts, mats, hats, and sell them for money.
_	t! I shall tell my sister Joy to start weaving too.
	tting or hair dressing where she is assured of customer
and money every day.	
All: Wow! Great idea.	
Questions	
1. What is the dialogue ab	out?
2. Who will go fishing?	
3. At what time of the day	will Daniel go fishing?
4. How many people are to	aking part in the conversation?
5. Who helps her mother t	o weave?
6. What does she weave?	

Theme 8: Environment in our sub-county

1.	Use these words to make sentences.
(a)	charcoal
(b)	soil
(c)	stones
(d)	sand
(e)	water
2.	Fill in the gaps with many or much.
(a)	There are stoves in our school.
(b)	There wasn't oil in the can.
(c)	Howjerrycans of water do you need?
(d)	There is sand in our sub-county.
(e)	There are builders in our division/
_	Read the poem carefully and answer questions that follow in

Soil soil soil

Soil you are useful

In you we plant the seeds

In you we grow the food

From you we get the murram for roads.

In you our animals hide and bathe

Oh! What a wonderful friend you are.

Soil soil soil

You are useful

For building, we run to you

For brick making, we run to you

For modeling we run to you

Oh! What a wonderful friend you are.

Soil soil soil

A home for worms

A home for insects

A home for snakes

Oh! What a wonderful friend you are

Soil soil soil

Clay soil loam soil sand soil		
You are all useful		
In layers you lay		
Top soil sub soil		
Oh! What a wonderful soil you are		
Questions		
1. How many stanzas are in the poem?		
2. What stanza tells about soil all over our environment?		
3. Name the layers of soil mentioned in the poem.		
4. In which stanza are the three types of soil mentioned?		
		
5. What activities are mentioned in stanza two?		
6. Which soil is the best for growing crops?		

7. Give the opposite of these words.
 (a) useful
 (b) friend
 8. Suggest a suitable title for the poem.

Theme 9: Our Environment

Read the poem below and answer questions that follow.

Oh the sun
Bright shining over there
You give us warmth
And make our plants grow

Oh the wind
You move things like the kites
You even dry our clothes
Wind you are good but sometimes bad
You blow off the roofs of our houses

Oh the clouds
Sometimes white like cotton wool
Sometimes black or grey
When it's so hot, and you appear
The weather changes

Oh the might rain
From the dry sky
You come like drops of water
On this dry thirsty land
Plants and people need you

Questions

1.	How many stanzas does the poem have?
2.	What shines up there?
3.	What moves things like kites?
4.	Why is wind sometimes bad?
<u> </u>	Which stanza talks about the clouds?
6.	What colour are the clouds?
7.	Where does the might rain come from?
8.	What do people and plants need?
9.	Give the opposite of these words. (a) dry (b) good

Study the timetable below and answer in full sentences the questions that follow.

Anna's timetable for the month of March

	5:00 pm	6:00 pm	7:00 pm	8:00 pm
Monday	Fetch water	Wash plates	Homework	Supper
Tuesday	Collect firewood	Help mother	Homework	Supper
Wednesday	Cook food	Homework	Reading stories	Supper
Thursday	Wash plates	Iron clothes	Homework	Supper
Friday	Cook food	Homework	Iron clothes	Supper

Questions

	1. When did Anna wash plates?
	2. At what time did Anna cook food on Friday?
	3. What did Anna do on Thursday at 7:00 pm?
	4. When did Anna read stories?
	5. When did Anna help mother?
	6. At what time did Anna eat food each day?
	7. In which month did Anna carry out the activities on the timetable?
	8. How many times did Anna do her homework?
	9. At what time did Anna iron clothes on Thursday?
	Fill in the gaps with a suitable word.
1.	As fat as
2.	As proud as
3.	As poor
	as
4.	As slow as
5.	As busy as

	Fill in the co	rrect word to complete the proverbs below.
6.	A word to a v	wise
7.	Better late	
8.	One man's m	neat
9.	An early bird	
10.	Two heads	
11.	A stitch in tir	me
12.	A good dog	
13.	Let sleeping	dogs
		FUTURE SIMPLE TENSE
	Use the follo	owing brackets to complete the sentences.
1.	I	and see you tomorrow morning. (come)
2.	The farmer _	his crops at the end of the month. (harvest)
3.	Atim	her report book at the end of the term. (keep)
4.	My friend	a cake with me at the birthday party. (share)
5.	I	her name if you want it. (tell)

Construct sentences using the words given in the table.

	I		go to school.	
	Не		visit my friend	
	She	will	come to see you.	
	We		buy a car	
	They	shall	paint the house	
	It		pay the bill.	
6.				
7.				
/.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
10.				
11.				
12.				
13.				
14.				
15.				
16.				

FUTURE CONTINUOUS TENSE

lice the verbs in brackets correctly	y to complete the following sentences
OSC CHC VCIDS III DI aCRCCS COLLECTI	to complete the following sentences

1.	lt	tomorrow morning. (rain)
2.	Uncle David	us to school at the beginning of the
	term. (drive)	
3.	She	the examination on Monday morning. (write)
4.	The cobbler	my shoes on Saturday .(repair)
5.	The doctor	our sister at the hospital. (treat)
6.	My class	at the graduation party. (dance)
7.	Peter	the museum in the holiday. (visit)
8.	We	football after classes. (play)
9.	Angel	food by the time we go home. (cook)
10.	Sheilla	the baby when mother is away. (carry)
11.	I	a job after studying. (get)
12.	The prefects	at the assembly on Monday. (speak)
13.	The headmaster	all P.3 pupils to his office. (call)
14.	The Secretary	this work on Thursday. (type)
15.	I	my answers in pencil. (write)
	FUTURE CON	NTINUOUS TENSE

Fill in the blank spaces with the correct words.

down	opposite	across	at	against	
Into	in	of	over	along	

1. The girl was looking _____ the pictures in a class.

2.	Put the books the bag.
3.	She poured waterthe jerrycan.
4.	My sister's house isour home.
5.	The man stoodthe wall.
6.	The kite is flyingthe house.
7.	The school children were walkingthe road yesterday.
8.	The rat went outthe hole and run away.
9. 10.	The boy fellfrom the tree when he saw a snake. Musa rode the bicyclethe hill.
	Punctuate the following sentences correctly.
1.	Joan has eaten all my food
2.	Do you know that girls name
3.	Mr. Kato has bought a new car a bag and a pair of shoes
4.	September is the ninth month of the year.
5.	We went to school on Thursday to dance
6.	This is Jane's pen
7.	the teacher gave us easy work.
8.	Peter is both my friend and a brother
9.	We aren't going to do all the work now
10.	Kampala is the capital city of Uganda.

_		
I	PRESENT TENSE	
Use the word i	in brackets correctly to complete the se	ntences.
	•	
	,	,
	·	
•		·
	•	
		,
	PAST TENSE	
-		
	, , , ,	
My daddy	me a new mathemati	cal set (buy)
Atim told me	that Opioher a pe	ncil. (give)
	Use the word My mother The teachers Stella The school be Daddy The thief is Akol Their cat Annet My daddy My daddy	PRESENT TENSE Use the word in brackets correctly to complete the se My mother

	og	the rabbit yesterd	ay. (chase)
Our c	assroom was	last we	ek. (paint)
The ta	ailor	my new dress at	home. (bring)
We _		_a lion yesterday. (see)	
I	th	at novel last Monday. (r	ead)
We		_him very well. (underst	and)
They		a lot of food at the w	edding party. (eat)
The w	oodman	down the ta	llest tree. (cut)
Kasuk	oi	his car very fast yes	terday. morning. (drive)
He		me at the end of the ter	rm. (punish)
He		cleaning the class when	the teacher came. (is)
The d	oas	barking at the thi	ef last night. (are)
101	oic 1. Culture and	gender in our divisi	ons /Sub County
			<u> </u>
Fill in	the missing letters to	o complete these sentend	ces
	the missing letters to		ces
Fill in	the missing letters to	o complete these sentend	ces
Fill in kne	the missing letters to l _r	o complete these sentend	c es hunry sl
Fill in kne	the missing letters to l _r o _rnt	o complete these sentend	c es hunry sl
Fill in kne we diff wo	the missing letters to l _r _rnt _k	o complete these sentend hapy dace gret	ces hunry sl pan sck c
Fill in kne we diff	the missing letters tol _r _rnt _k _lk	o complete these sentend hapy dace	c es hunry sl
Fill in kne diff wo be	the missing letters tol _r _rnt _k _lk _t	o complete these sentendented that the complete these sentendented the complete these sentendented the complete the comple	ces hunry sl pan sck c fd was
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	people are called patients. (well/sick)
My sister was given	when she was sick. (pencil/ me
	and a needle to give an injection. (drum
Betty can play a	well. (bicycle/ piano)
	er to make a good story
The beef was bad.	
The shopkeeper refunde	ed his money.
Tom went to the shop.	
He returned the beef to	•
He bought a tin of beef.	Correct order
•	d gender in our divisions /Sub County
the correct form of the w	ords in brackets to complete the sentences
he correct form of the w	
he correct form of the w ctly The farmer	ords in brackets to complete the sentencesin his garden yesterday. (dig)
he correct form of the w ctly The farmer We	ords in brackets to complete the sentencesin his garden yesterday. (dig)
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The farmer The headmaster The pupils Ritah has Why have you Mr. Kintu has The teacher has My father has Jalia has	in his garden yesterday. (dig)tea last week. (drink)Nairobi yesterday. (leave)matooke and meat last Friday. (eat)the sweetest cake. (choose)my pen. (take)my food? (eat)us science. (teach)to the pupils. (speak)a new car. (buy)all the dishes. (drop) (bright)
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- 18. He has ______to the market. (go)
- 20. Mercy _____her finger last night. (cut)

Re-arrange these sentences to make a good story

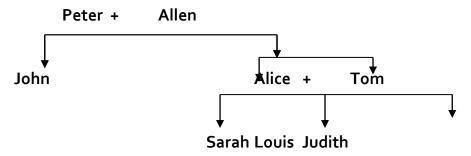
- a) She geared to go there alone.
- b) Jane got a stick and killed it.
- c) Mother sent Halima to the well to fetch water.
- d) As they walked to the well, they saw a snake.
- e) Halima called her friend Jane to escort her.

Correct Order

- a) _____
- b) _____
- c) _____
- d) _____
- e) _____

Topic 3: Culture and gender in our divisions /Sub County

- 1. Complete the following sentences correctly
- a) How many brothers do you _____(have, has)
- b) How many children _____Musa have? (do, done)
- c) Karugaba _____six sisters. (have, has)
- d) How old is your eldest _____(brother, mother)
- e) How many members are in your _____(lake, family)
- 2. Study the family three carefully and answer the questions that follow in full



a) Who is Allen's husband?

sentences

- -----
- b) How many children did Alice produce?

c)	Who is Alice's brother?
d)	What does Louis call Peter?
e)	What does John call Judith?
f)	What does John call Louis?
g)	What does Sarah call John?
Give o	one word for the following
8.	The sister of your mother
9.	The mother of your mother
10.	The son of your sister
11.	The daughter of your brother
Write	the opposite of the following
12.	uncle
13.	Nephew
14.	sister
15.	father
16.	grandmother
17.	First born
18.	daughters
19.	father-in-law
20.	brother-in-law

Topic 4: Health

Choose a correct word from the brackets to complete the sentences A needle is a ______object. (sharp, needle) 1. We use a ______to comb our hair. (needle, comb) 2. We should not play with ______objects. (sharp, gloves) 3. We take _____when we are sick. (medicine, gloves) 4. It is very dangerous to play with ______objects. (gloves, sharp) 5. Match the following vectors with the diseases Female anopheles mosquitoes rabies Rat fleas bilharzias Lice trachoma Housefly plaque Rabied dogs cholera Cockroaches malaria Water snails typhoid fever female anopheles mosquitoes _____ a) rat fleas _____ b) c) d) housefly _____ e) rabbied dogs _____ f) cockroaches _____ water snails. _____ g) Make sentences from the table below by He knocked a knife. was She bitten fire. hit electricity. stuck

a car.

in the missing letters Snke plastr ndle Wond bandge medcie Cob Topic 5: Accidents Fill in the missing letters to complete these sentences off speed on flat passengers punctuate cart pump foot by The conductor is collecting money from theon the bus. The bicycle mechanic used theto put pressure into the tube. My father can't drive to his place of work. The car has a		cut			a sna	ıke.	
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punctuate cart pump foot by The conductor is collecting money from theon the bus. The bicycle mechanic used theto put pressure into the tube.	Fill in the m	nissing letter	s to complete	these s	enten	ces	
The conductor is collecting money from theon the bus. The bicycle mechanic used theto put pressure into the tube.	off	speed	on	flat		passengers	
The bicycle mechanic used theto put pressure into the tube.	punctuate	cart	pum	р	foot	by	
The bicycle mechanic used theto put pressure into the tube.							
	The conduc	tor is collecti	ng money fron	n the		on	the bus.
My father can't drive to his place of work. The car has a	The bicycle	mechanic use	ed the	t	o put p	ressure into the	tube.
	My father ca	an't drive to h	is place of wo	rk. The	car has	a	

5.	Those oxen are pulling a					
5.	Many	Many pupils our school come to school on				
6.	Mrs. N	/Iwanje wor	ks in Kamp	ala. She goes to Ar	ua	air.
8.	There	must be a _		on that bicy	cle tube.	
9.	The ta	ıx driver usu	ally gets _	the ve	hicle befo	re the passengers.
10.	Mr. Ki	ntu got		the plan	e when it l	anded at the airport.
sente	I the corences		carefully a	nd answer the que	stions tha	at follow in full
Nyek	(0:	What is the	e matter wi	th you?		
Fauz	ia:	I have a ba	d wound or	n my knee.		
Nyek	(0:	What happ	ened to yo	υ?		
Fauz	ia:	I fell down	and hurt m	yself.		
Nyek	(0:	You should	l go to a nu	rse.		
Fauz	ia:	Does she h	ave a plast	er and a bandage?		
Nyek	(0:	Yes, of cou	rse! Come	on, let me take you	there.	
Ques	stions					
a)	How many people are talking in the conversation?					
b)	Who t	alked first?				
c)	What happened to Fauzia?					
d)	Who was taken to the nurse?					
e)	Why do you think she was taken to the nurse?					
Make five (5) correct sentences from the table below						
	There i	<u></u> S	some	water	in	the garden.
	There i	sn't	any	bananas		the bottle.

	There are	food	the glass.
	There aren't	beans	the basket.
		milk	on the plate.
			the sack.
a)			
b)			
c)			
d)			
e)			
	P	.3 ENGLISH TERM III	.No. 6
Top	oic 6: Energy in ou	r sub county/division	
Arra	ange the following wo	rds to make a correct sent	ence
1.	is /A /snail/ slower/ t	han/ a/ fly	
2.	leopard / fast/ is/ A/	animal/ a	
3.	beautiful/ ostrich/ bi	rd/An/is/a/	
Ans	wer the questions sen	sible using "true" or "false	e"
4.	I shall make an alarr	n when I'm in danger	·
5.	A dog is bigger than	a cow	
6.	We have to report w	rong doers to our elders	
Use	the correct form of the	ne words in brackets to co	mplete the sentences
7.	A buffalo is	than an elephant. (b	ig)
8.	A giraffe is	than a goat. (tall)	
9.	A rabbit is	than a goat. (sma	ıll)

ivian	e sentences using these words
10.	to:
11.	two:
Fill i	n the gaps with the correct word from the brackets
12.	What is theof your friend. (height, high)
13.	The teacher told Paul tothe length of the desk. (weigh,
mea	sure)
14.	The old woman walked along apath. (narrow, high)
15.	My friend gave me twoof clothes to make a dress. (metres,
widt	:h)
Rea	d the story and answer the questions that follow in full sentences
Yest	erday was a holiday. Makirane and his friends did not go to school. Bbiira sat in he
aunt	t's shop. She sold a bulb for one thousand shillings. Butonya went to town with h
fath	er. He bought a small fridge. Nyangoma went to the forest with her aunt. Sh
colle	ected firewood. Waiswa sat in the kitchen. He cooked porridge for his young siste
Kuni	ihira accompanied her mother to the market. She carried a small bag of charcoal.
Que	estions
a)	Where did Bbiira sit?
b)	What did Bbiira sell?
c)	What did Butonya buy?
۹,	What did Nyangoma collect?
d)	What did Nyangoma collect?
e)	What did Waiswa cook?
,	
f)	What did Kunihira carry?

g)	Write shillings in short
h)	Why didn't Mukirane and his friends go to school yesterday?
i)	Why do you think Kunihira accompanied her mother to the market?
Fill in	n the missing letters
gr	_cry sap shpinglist
bak_	r l <u>t</u> e
Make	e sentences using these words
a)	Shillings:
b)	Change:
c)	Money:
d)	Shopping list:
e)	Notes:
Use '	much' or 'many' in these sentences
a)	There aredishes of sauce at the party.
b)	Howteachers are in your class?
c)	There isfood in the store.
d)	May I know howyou earn?
e)	Howdo you pay for a car?
Read	I the dialogue carefully and answer the questions that follow in full sentences
Muy	onjo goes shopping
Muy	onjo: Do you have any biscuits, please?
Shop	keeper: Yes, I have some. How many packets would like to buy?
Muyo	onjo: I would like two packets. How much, money does each packet
cost?	

Shopk	keeper: Each small packet costs two hundred shillings only.							
Muyonjo: Here is five hundred shillings.								
Shopk	Shopkeeper: Here are two packets of biscuits and your change. Thank you very much							
Muyo	njo: You are welcome.							
Quest	tions							
a)	What is the dialogue about?							
b)	How many people are conversing?							
c)	Did Muyonjo buy biscuits?							
d)	How much money will Muyonjo pay for three packets of biscuits?							
e)	Why do you think the shopkeeper thanked Muyonjo?							
Re-ar	range the sentences to make a good story							
a)	He warned him to shop eating rotten fruits.							
b)	He was taken to the hospital.							
c)	One day, he fell ill.							
d)	Mugisha was well known for eating rotten fruits.							
e)	The doctor told him that he had diarrhea.							
a)								
d)								
e)								